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PRO

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

PRODUCT: 13190 E-COAT DTM PRIMER LIGHT GREEN

FORM

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier	13190 E-COAT DTM PRIMER LIGHT GREEN
Other means of identification	Mixture.
Chemical family Recommended use and restrictions on	Paints.
use	
Initial supplier identifier	Wyatt Machine Tools Rupes (NZ) Limited 388 Church Street, Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand PH: (09) 525 1000 Email: info@wyatt.co.nz Emergency number 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1)
24 hour emergency number:	NZ Emergency 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1).
- NFPA rating HMIS	Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0. H: 2 F:4 R: 0.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification	 Category 2A. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (narcotic effects). (respiratory system). Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 1.
Signal Word Hazard Description	DANGER. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Prevention	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition sources. P251 Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	P233 Keep container tightly closed. P403 Store in a well ventilated area. P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight. P412 Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
Disposal Note	P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations. This product mixture has been classified based on its ingredients.

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS #	WT. %	
Acetone	67-64-1	15-40	
Isobutyl Acetate	110-19-0	10-30	
Propane	74-98-6	10-30	
Isobutane	75-28-5	5-10	

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SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	5-10	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1-5	
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	108-65-6	1-5	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	763-69-9	1-5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	0.1-1	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1-1	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1	
N-methyl pyrrolidone	872-50-4	0.1-1	

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>> $\ .$

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at
Skin contact	least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation continues. Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	
Immediate medical attention and special . treatment needed, if necessary Additional information	In case of shortness of breath give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products	"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet. Extremely flammable aerosol. Thermal decomposition products are toxic. May include:. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Other potentially toxic fumes.
any hazardous combustion products Special protective equipment andprecautions for fire-fighters	Extremely flammable aerosol. Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

waterways. Dike for water control.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	
Leak/spill	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Avoid all personal contact. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.



SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	ACC TWA	GIH TLV STEL	OSI	HA PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Acetone	250 ppm TLV ON: 500ppm (TWA	500 ppm (STEL)	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
Isobutyl Acetate	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	Not established	150 ppm
Propane	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm
Isobutane	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	800 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	50 ppm	75 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	50 ppm / STEL 75 ppm
Titanium Dioxide	10 mg/m3	Not established	15 mg/m3	Not established	Not established
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	50 ppm	75 ppm	Not established	Not established	Not established
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm
Toluene	20 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm
Carbon Black	3.5 mg/m3	Not established	3.5 mg/m3	Not established	3.5 mg/m3
N-methyl pyrrolidone	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Appropriate engineering controls Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should b contamination, such as open process equipment, or during pui gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sou ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulte adequate ventilation. Ventilation system must be designed vap handling solvent vapors.		ntilation should be used a ent, or during purging op and reference sources req ould be consulted for qu	at sources of air erations, to capture garding industrial idance about		
Personal Protective Equ	lipment				
Eye/type Gloves/ type	\ t	Liquid chemical goggles Wear skin protection equities the nature of the work to rubber. Insulated gloves	uipment. The selection be performed. The f	n of skin protection equip ollowing gloves are reco	ment depends on mmended :. Butyl
	Respiratory/type		erly fitted respirator		
Clothing/type Footwear/type Other/type	🤅	Wear adequate protective Safety boots per local re Emergency showers and	gulations.	nould be available. Emp	lovees should wash

Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Employees should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state	Aerosol.
Colour	Green
Odour	No data.
Odour threshold (ppm)	Not available.
pH	No data.

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SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Melting / Freezing point (deg C) Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C). Flash point (deg C), method Evaporation rate	-95°C (-139°F). (acetone). 56°C (133 °F). -18°C. (acetone). Based on lowest flash point material. Not available.
Flammability (solids and gases)	Flammable aerosol.
Upper flammable limit (% vol)	9.5. (propellant).
Lower flammable limit (% vol)	1.8. (propellant).
Vapour pressure (mm Hg)	Aerosol vapour pressure:. 40-60 psig @ 21°C.
Vapour density (air=1)	No data.
Relative Density (Specific Gravity)	0.800 - 0.840.
Pounds / USG	6.68 - 7.01.
Solubility	No data.
Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water	Not available.
Auto ignition temperature (deg C)	450°C. (propellant).
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	No data.
VOC	3.87 lbs/USG.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
Chemical stability
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Conditions to avoid, including static
discharge, shock or vibration
Incompatible materails
Hazardous decomposition products
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Product is stable; hazardous polymerization will not occur. Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Keep away from heat. Electrostatic charge.

Strong oxidizing agents. By fire:. Dense black smoke. Oxides of carbon (CO,CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50
Acetone		50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)
Isobutyl Acetate		>13.24 mg/L /6 h rat	15400 mg/kg (rat oral) > 17400 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Propane		>1,464 mg/L 15 minutes rat	Not available
Isobutane		52 mg/L 1 hour mouse	Not available
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		8.2 - 16.4 mg/L 4 hours rat	2080 mg/kg rat oral >16,000 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Titanium Dioxide		>6.8 mg/L (4 hr)	> 10,000 mg/kg (rat, oral) > 10,000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate		Not Available	8,532 mg/kg rat oral 5,000 mg/kg dermal rabbit
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate		>998 ppm 6 hours	4,309 mg/kg rat oral 4,080 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Xylene		6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral
Ethylbenzene		No data	3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Toluene		8000 ppm rat inhalation 400 ppm mouse inhalation 24hr	5,000 mg/kg rat oral; 12,124 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Carbon Black		Not available	>10,000 mg/kg oral rat 3,000 mg/kg dermal rabbit
N-methyl pyrrolidone		No Data	3600 mg/kg (oral, rat)
Route of exposure Skin contact Skin absorption Eye contact Inhalation (acute) Inhalation (chronic)	Can cause moderate irritation, defatting and dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Causes eye irritation. Symtoms include tearing and reddening. Excessive inhalation of vapours can cause respiratory irritation, dizziness, headache, vomiting and unconsciousness.		

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingestion	May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Swallowing causes inebriation, headache, vomiting, leading to severe illness, blindness, even death. Aspiration of material into lungs can cause
	chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.
Effects of chronic exposure	Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health
	effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin.
	Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful
	or fatal .
Carcinogenicity of material	IARC has classified Titanium Dioxide as a group 2B carcinogen. Xylene has been listed by
	IARC as a Group 3; not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Ethylbenzene is
	classified as an A3 known animal carcinogen. IARC has classified Toluene as a Group 3
	(Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans); ACGIH has classified Toluene as a
	Group A4 (Not classifiable as a human carcinogen). IARC has classified Carbon Black as "Group 2B", possibly carcinogenic to humans, based on laboratory animal inhalation
	studies.
Reproductive effects	Reproductive toxicity (developmental): N-methyl pyrrolidone. High level exposure to Xylene
	in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing
	embryo/fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. Toluene is fetotoxic in rats
	and mice at maternally toxic levels. Prolonged and repeated exposure of pregnant animals
	(>1500 ppm) to Toluene have been reported to cause adverse fetal developmental effects.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental.....

..... No product data. Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal.
and methods of disposal, including any
contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification	UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - This product meets limited quantity exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre.
DOT Classification (Road)	UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons).
IATA Classification (Air)	UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air
IMDG Classification (Marine)	without checking appropriate IATA regulations. UN1950 - AEROSOLS - Class 2.1 - EmS: F-D, S-U - Limited Quantity. Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.
Marine Pollutant	No.
Proof of Classification	In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CEPA status TSCA inventory status OSHA SARA Title III	This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
Section 302 - extremely hazardous substances	None.
Section 311/312 - hazard categories Section 313 EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) 40CFR63	Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Ethylbenzene. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Xylene. Ethylbenzene. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Toluene. Xylene.
California Proposition 65	*** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (C)). (N-methyl pyrrolidone (nmp)). (Toluene). *** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer . (Carbon black - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). (Ethyl benzene). (Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (D)). (Titanium dioxide - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
(NZ) Statement	This substance is classified hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.
(NZ) HSNO Classifications (NZ) HSNO Group Standard	2.1.2A. 6.9B. 6.1E. 6.7B. 6.8A. 6.4A. Aerosols - Flammable Toxic 6.7 HSR002517.

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Telephone number: Disclaimer:	
Date of the latest revision of the safety data sheet	2020-09-22



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